

Development and evaluation of information elements for simplified cyber-incident reports

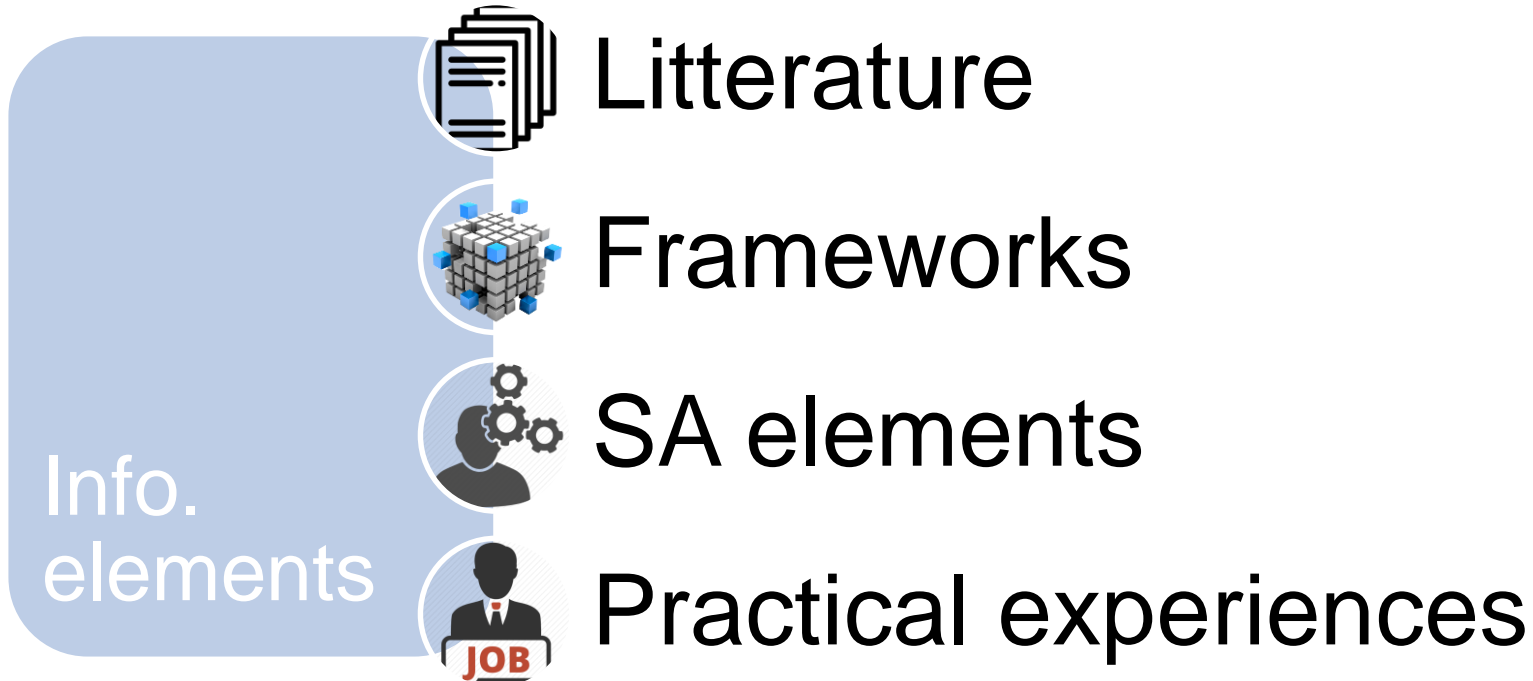
Foto: iStockPhoto

Information elements

- What information elements should be included in an incident report?

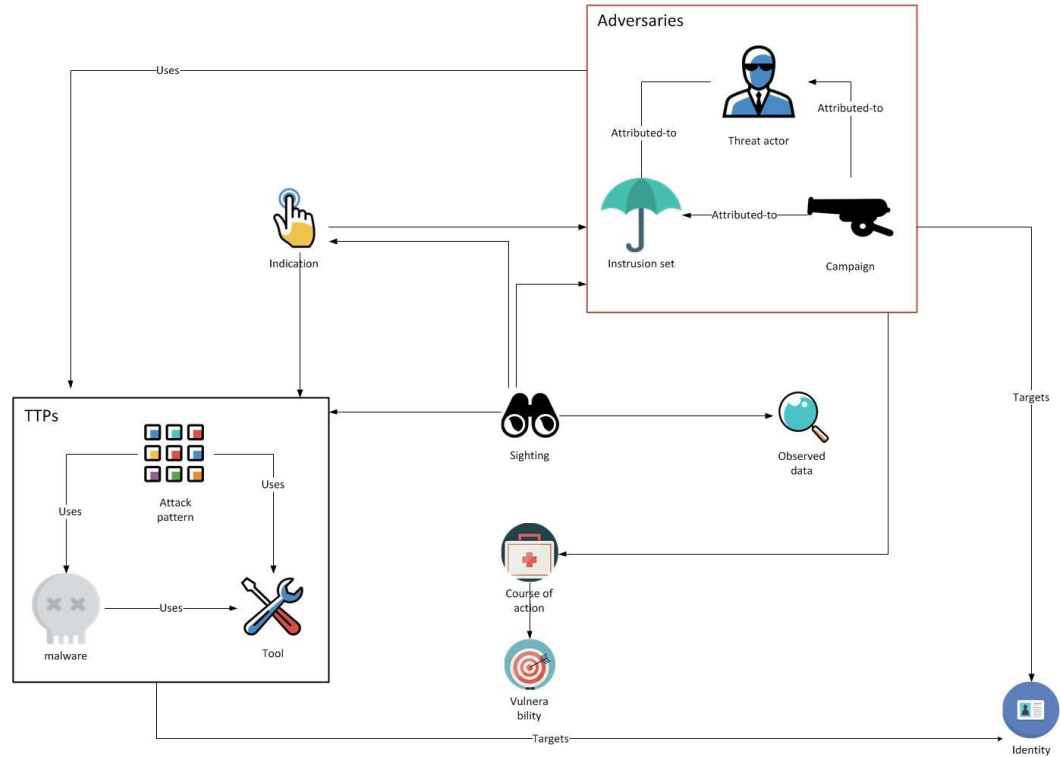


Background



STIX - Structured Threat Information Expression

- Information sharing
- 178 properties + relations
- No description of own network



Information elements for simplified incident report

Background	Victim	Attacker	Incident description	Damage assessment
Rapporteur	Node	Node	Suspected attack objective	Probability that the attacker succeeded
Observations/ indications	User	User	Attack or vulnerability details	Asset criticality
	Comment	Comment	Attack mechanisms	Attack impact
			Attack domains	Response urgency

iPilot – 4 day exercise



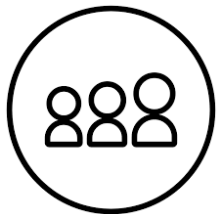
Participants (30)



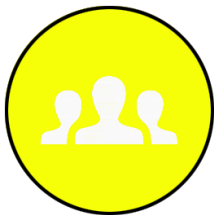
Adversery (3)



Tech. support (5)



Staff (10)



Evaluation (7)



Visitors (65)

Attacks & tools

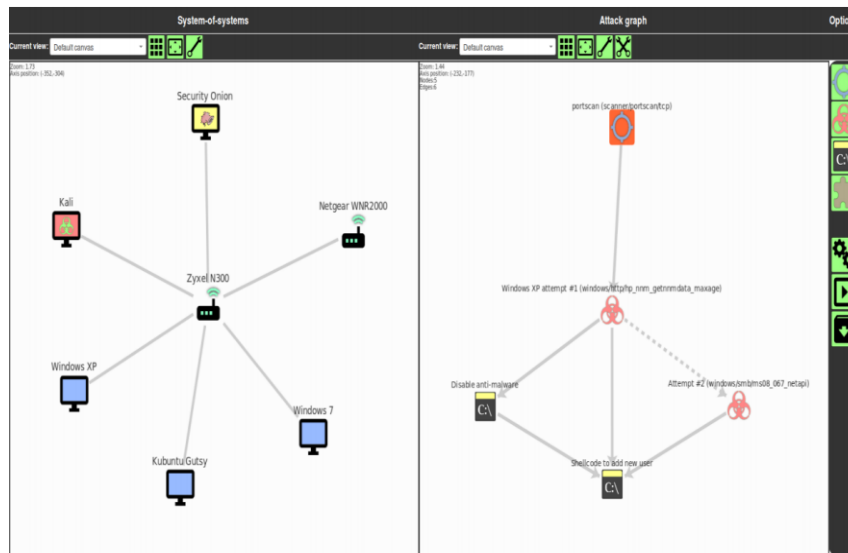
- μ Torrent downloads malware.
- DDoS attack.
- Similar Ukraine scada-attack.
- Unauthorized hardware.

- Analysis with Wireshark, ELK, Snort, and Windows Event Log to collect information in a central system.

CRATE & SVED



400 + 400 servers



iPilot - evaluation



Background Victim Attacker Incident descr. Damage assessment

Suspected attack objective

- Obtain system privileges (e.g. to remotely control a machine)
- Obtain information (e.g. network scans or eavesdropping)
- Influence a system's functionality (e.g. denial-of-service attacks)

Attack or vulnerability details

Describe the attack, e.g. by the CVE code of the exploited vulnerability.

Attack mechanism(s) believed to be used (from CAPEC)

- Collect and Analyze Information
- Inject Unexpected Items
- Engage in Deceptive Interactions
- Manipulate Timing and State
- Abuse Existing Functionality
- Employ Probabilistic Techniques
- Subvert Access Control
- Manipulate Data Structures
- Manipulate System Resources

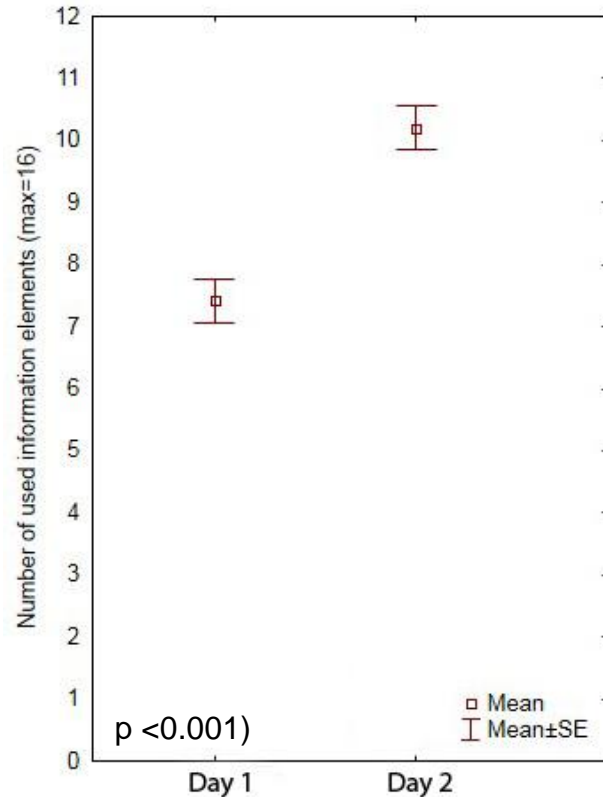
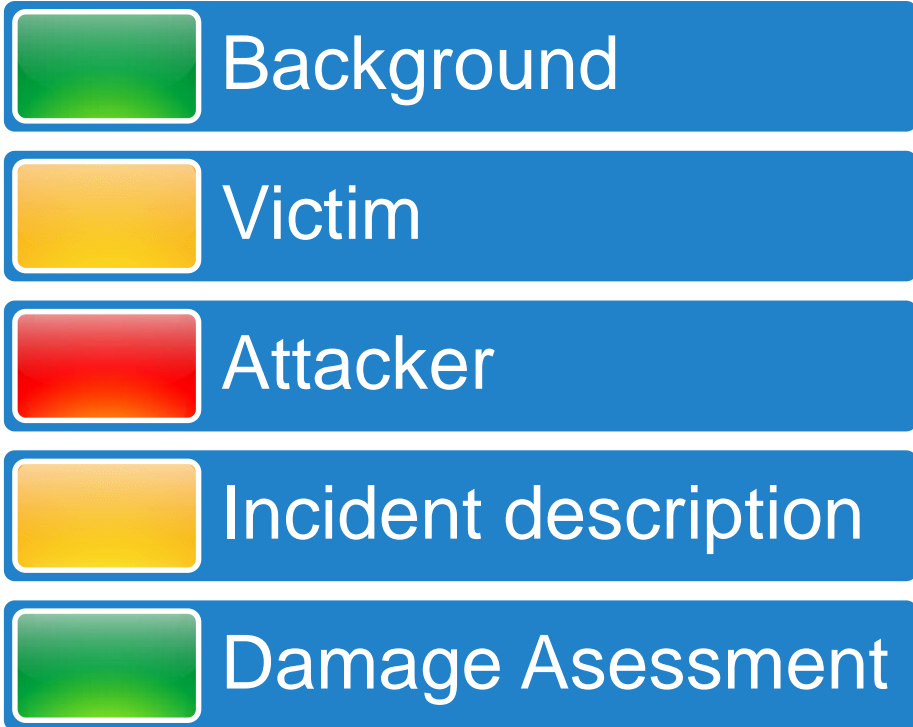
Attack domain(s) believed to be concerned (from CAPEC)

- Social Engineering
- Supply Chain
- Communications
- Software
- Physical Security
- Hardware

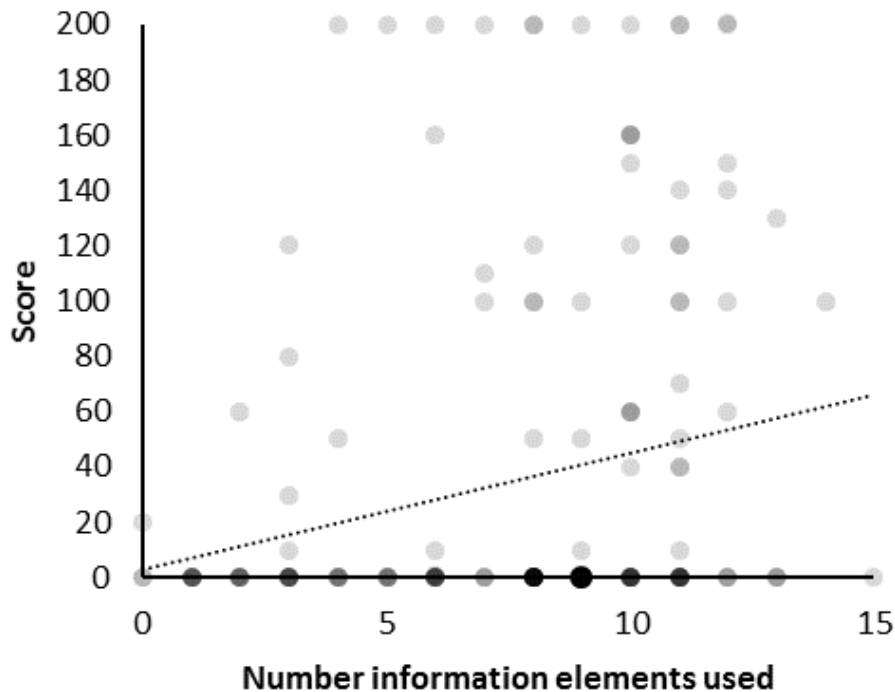
Purpose

- Use of the 16 information elements?
- Correlation between use of information elements and quality of the incident reports?
- Subjective experiences?
- Any training effects?

Results – quantitative use of elements



Results – qualitative use of elements



Correlation

- Small, but statistically significant, correlation $r = 0.22$ and $p = 0.003$ between the number of elements used and the quality.

Subjective ratings

- Content rating of 4.3 (scale 1-7).
- Too much information despite the efforts to create a simple template with only 16 information elements.

Conclusions



Overall



5 categories



Elements



Dynamics



Training



Log analysts